### SENATE BILL No. 367

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 5-11-10; IC 6-1.1-17-16; IC 36-4-10-5; IC 36-9-12-4; IC 36-9-12-5.

**Synopsis:** Municipal fiscal matters. Requires a levee authority to use the invoice method rather than the claim method of payment. Allows a governmental entity to pay claims before receiving grant money for which reimbursement has been requested, with the prior approval of the board having jurisdiction over allowance of payment of the claim. Provides that the fiscal officer of a second class city is not liable for an act or omission in connection with the performance of certain duties of the officer unless the act or omission constitutes gross negligence or an intentional disregard of the fiscal officer's duties. Provides that a municipality may deposit license fees from parking meters in a special account of the general fund in addition to a special fund. Allows the (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 1999.

## Lanane

January 8, 1999, read first time and referred to Committee on Governmental and Regulatory Affairs.



#### Digest Continued

municipal fiscal body to transfer money to the special account of the general fund or to the special fund if the fiscal body determines that the transfer is necessary and the transfer is made at a regular public meeting and by ordinance or resolution. Increases from one week to two weeks the amount of time a political subdivision has to respond in writing to the state board of tax commissioners' notice of a revision, reduction, or increase in the political subdivision's tax levy or rate.





#### Introduced

First Regular Session 111th General Assembly (1999)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1998 General Assembly.

# C

# **SENATE BILL No. 367**

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 5-11-10-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) This section
3	applies to the state and its political subdivisions. However, this section
4	does not apply to the following:
5	(1) The state universities.
6	(2) Ivy Tech State College.
7	(3) A municipality (as defined in IC 36-1-2-11).
8	(4) A county.
9	(5) An airport authority operating in a consolidated city.
10	(6) A capital improvements board of managers operating in a
11	consolidated city.
12	(7) A board of directors of a public transportation corporation
13	operating in a consolidated city.
14	(8) A municipal corporation organized under IC 16-22-8-6.
15	(9) A public library.



1	(10) A library services authority.
2	(11) A hospital organized under IC 16-22 or a hospital organized
3	under IC 16-23.
4	(12) A school corporation (as defined in IC 36-1-2-17).
5	(13) A regional water or sewer district organized under IC 13-26
6	or under IC 13-3-2 (before its repeal).
7	(14) A municipally owned utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1).
8	(15) A board of an airport authority under IC 8-22-3.
9	(16) A conservancy district.
10	(17) A board of aviation commissioners under IC 8-22-2.
11	(18) A public transportation corporation under IC 36-9-4.
12	(19) A commuter transportation district under IC 8-5-15.
13	(20) A solid waste management district established under
14	IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal).
15	(21) A levee authority established under IC 14-27-6 or
16	IC 13-2-31-2 (before its repeal).
17	(b) No warrant or check shall be drawn by a disbursing officer in
18	payment of any claim unless the same has been fully itemized and its
19	correctness properly certified to by the claimant or some authorized
20	person in the claimant's behalf, and filed and allowed as provided by
21	law.
22	(c) The certificate provided for in subsection (b) is not required for:
23	(1) claims rendered by a public utility for electric, gas, steam,
24	water, or telephone services, the charges for which are regulated
25	by a governmental body;
26	(2) a warrant issued by the auditor of state under IC 4-13-2-7(b);
27	(3) a check issued by a special disbursing officer under
28	IC 4-13-2-20(g); or
29	(4) a payment of fees under IC 36-7-11.2-49(b) or
30	IC 36-7-11.3-43(b).
31	(d) The disbursing officer shall issue checks or warrants for all
32	claims which meet all of the requirements of this section. The
33	disbursing officer does not incur personal liability for disbursements:
34	(1) processed in accordance with this section; and
35	(2) for which funds are appropriated and available.
36	(e) The certificate provided for in subsection (b) must be in the
37	following form:
38	I hereby certify that the foregoing account is just and correct, that
39	the amount claimed is legally due, after allowing all just credits,
40	and that no part of the same has been paid.
41	SECTION 2. IC 5-11-10-1.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.6. (a) As used in



1	this section, "governmental entity" refers to any of the following:
2	(1) A municipality (as defined in IC 36-1-2-11).
3	(2) A school corporation (as defined in IC 36-1-2-17).
4	(3) A county.
5	(4) A regional water or sewer district organized under IC 13-26
6	or under IC 13-3-2 (before its repeal).
7	(5) A municipally owned utility that is subject to IC 8-1.5-3 or
8	IC 8-1.5-4.
9	(6) A board of an airport authority under IC 8-22-3.
10	(7) A board of aviation commissioners under IC 8-22-2.
11	(8) A conservancy district.
12	(9) A public transportation corporation under IC 36-9-4.
13	(10) A commuter transportation district under IC 8-5-15.
14	(11) The state.
15	(12) A solid waste management district established under
16	IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal).
17	(13) A levee authority established under IC 14-27-6 or
18	IC 13-2-31-2 (before its repeal).
19	(b) As used in this section, "claim" means a bill or an invoice
20	submitted to a governmental entity for goods or services.
21	(c) The fiscal officer of a governmental entity may not draw a
22	warrant or check for payment of a claim unless:
23	(1) there is a fully itemized invoice or bill for the claim;
24	(2) the invoice or bill is approved by the officer or person
25	receiving the goods and services;
26	(3) the invoice or bill is filed with the governmental entity's fiscal
27	officer;
28	(4) the fiscal officer audits and certifies before payment that the
29	invoice or bill is true and correct; and
30	(5) payment of the claim is allowed by the governmental entity's
31	legislative body or the board or official having jurisdiction over
32	allowance of payment of the claim.
33	This subsection does not prohibit a school corporation, with prior
34	approval of the board having jurisdiction over allowance of payment of
35	the claim, from making payment in advance of receipt of services as
36	allowed by guidelines developed under IC 20-10.1-25-3.
37	(d) The fiscal officer of a governmental entity shall issue checks or
38	warrants for claims by the governmental entity that meet all of the
39	requirements of this section. The fiscal officer does not incur personal
40	liability for disbursements:
41	(1) processed in accordance with this section; and

(2) for which funds are appropriated and available.



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- (e) The certification provided for in subsection (c)(4) must be on a form prescribed by the state board of accounts.
- (f) This subsection applies to a governmental entity that has been awarded a grant requiring the governmental entity to expend funds for which reimbursement will be provided from the grant. The governmental entity may pay claims before receiving grant money for which the governmental entity has requested reimbursement, with the prior approval of the board having jurisdiction over allowance of payment of the claim.

SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-17-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) Subject to the limitations and requirements prescribed in this section, the state board of tax commissioners may revise, reduce, or increase a political subdivision's budget, tax rate, or tax levy which the board reviews under section 8 or 10 of this chapter.

- (b) Subject to the limitations and requirements prescribed in this section, the state board of tax commissioners may review, revise, reduce, or increase the budget, tax rate, or tax levy of any of the political subdivisions whose tax rates compose the aggregate tax rate within a political subdivision whose budget, tax rate, or tax levy is the subject of an appeal initiated under this chapter.
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (i), before the state board of tax commissioners reviews, revises, reduces, or increases a political subdivision's budget, tax rate, or tax levy under this section, the board must hold a public hearing on the budget, tax rate, and tax levy. The board shall hold the hearing in the county in which the political subdivision is located. The board may consider the budgets, tax rates, and tax levies of several political subdivisions at the same public hearing. At least five (5) days before the date fixed for a public hearing, the board shall give notice of the time and place of the hearing and of the budgets, levies, and tax rates to be considered at the hearing. The board shall publish the notice in two (2) newspapers of general circulation published in the county. However, if only one (1) newspaper of general circulation is published in the county, the board shall publish the notice in that newspaper.
- (d) Except as provided in subsection (h), IC 6-1.1-19, or IC 6-1.1-18.5, the state board of tax commissioners may not increase a political subdivision's budget, tax rate, or tax levy to an amount which exceeds the amount originally fixed by the political subdivision. The state board of tax commissioners shall give the political subdivision written notification specifying any revision, reduction, or increase the state board of tax commissioners proposes in a political subdivision's



1	tax levy or tax rate. The political subdivision has one (1) week two (2)
2	weeks from the date the political subdivision receives the notice to
3	provide a written response to the state board of tax commissioners'
4	Indianapolis office specifying how to make the required reductions in
5	the amount budgeted for each office or department. The state board of
6	tax commissioners shall make reductions as specified in the political
7	subdivision's response if the response is provided as required by this
8	subsection and sufficiently specifies all necessary reductions. The state
9	board of tax commissioners may make a revision, a reduction, or an
10	increase in a political subdivision's budget only in the total amounts
11	budgeted for each office or department within each of the major budget
12	classifications prescribed by the state board of accounts.
13	(e) The state board of tax commissioners may not approve a levy for
14	lease payments by a city, town, county, library, or school corporation
15	if the lease payments are payable to a building corporation for use by
16	the building corporation for debt service on bonds and if:
17	(1) no bonds of the building corporation are outstanding; or
18	(2) the building corporation has enough legally available funds on
19	hand to redeem all outstanding bonds payable from the particular
20	lease rental levy requested.
21	(f) The action of the state board of tax commissioners on a budget,
22	tax rate, or tax levy is final. The board shall certify its action to:
23	(1) the county auditor; and
24	(2) the political subdivision if the state board acts pursuant to an
25	appeal initiated by the political subdivision.
26	(g) The state board of tax commissioners is expressly directed to
27	complete the duties assigned to it under this section not later than
28	February 15th of each year for taxes to be collected during that year.
29	(h) Subject to the provisions of all applicable statutes, the state
30	board of tax commissioners may increase a political subdivision's tax
31	levy to an amount that exceeds the amount originally fixed by the
32	political subdivision if the increase is:
33	(1) requested in writing by the officers of the political
34	subdivision;
35	(2) either:
36	(A) based on information first obtained by the political
37	subdivision after the public hearing under section 3 of this
38	chapter; or
39	(B) results from an inadvertent mathematical error made in
40	determining the levy; and
41	(3) published by the political subdivision according to a notice

provided by the state board of tax commissioners.



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1	(i) The state board of tax commissioners shall annually review the
2	budget of each school corporation not later than April 1. The state
3	board of tax commissioners shall give the school corporation written
4	notification specifying any revision, reduction, or increase the state
5	board of tax commissioners proposes in the school corporation's
6	budget. A public hearing is not required in connection with this review
7	of the budget.
8	SECTION 4. IC 36-4-10-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) This section
10	applies to second class cities.
11	(b) The fiscal officer is the head of the city department of finance.
12	The fiscal officer shall do the following:
13	(1) Prescribe the form of reports and accounts to be submitted to
14	the department.
15	(2) Sign and issue all warrants on the city treasury.
16	(3) Audit and revise all accounts and trusts in which the city is
17	concerned.
18	(4) Keep separate accounts for each item of appropriation made
19	for each city department, including a statement showing the
20	amount drawn on each appropriation, the unpaid contracts
21	charged against it, and the balance remaining.
22	(5) At the end of each fiscal year, submit under oath to the city
23	legislative body a report of the accounts of the city published in
24	pamphlet form and showing revenues, receipts, expenditures, and
25	the sources of revenues.
26	(6) Maintain custody of the records of the department and turn
27	them over to the fiscal officer's successor in office.
28	(7) Perform duties prescribed by statute concerning the
29	negotiation of city bonds, notes, and warrants.
30	(8) Keep a register of bonds of the city and of transfers of those
31	bonds.
32	(9) Manage the finances and accounts of the city and make
33	investments of city money, subject to the ordinances of the
34	legislative body.
35	(10) Issue city licenses on payment of the license fee.
36	(11) Collect fees as fixed by ordinance.
37	(12) Pay into the city treasury, once each week, all fees and other
38	city money collected by the department during the preceding
39	week, specifying the source of each item.
40	(13) Prescribe payroll and account forms for all city offices.
41	(14) Prescribe the manner in which salaries shall be drawn.
42	(15) Prescribe the manner in which creditors, officers, and



1	employees shall be paid.
2	(16) Provide that all salaries are payable monthly, unless the
3	legislative body establishes more frequent payments.
4	(17) Notify the city executive of the failure of any city officer to
5	collect money due the city or to pay city money into the city
6	treasury.
7	(18) Draw warrants on the city treasury for miscellaneous city
8	expenditures not made under the direction of a department and
9	not specifically fixed by statute.
10	(19) Examine tax duplicates held by the county auditor and
11	county treasurer for proper form concerning city taxes.
12	(20) Examine property assessments for proper form
13	concerning city taxes.
14	(21) Report unassessed property to the county auditor.
15	(22) Administer oaths when necessary in the discharge of the
16	fiscal officer's duties, without charging a fee.
17	(c) A fiscal officer is not liable in an individual capacity for an
18	act or omission occurring in connection with the performance of
19	the duties prescribed by subsection (b) unless the act or omission
20	constitutes gross negligence or an intentional disregard of the fiscal
21	officer's duties.
22	SECTION 5. IC 36-9-12-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 4. (a) A municipality
24	must provide, by ordinance, that:
25	(1) all license fees collected from parking meters shall be
26	deposited with the municipal fiscal officer;
27	(2) the fees shall be deposited to the credit of the municipality in
28	either:
29	(A) a special fund; or
30	(B) a special account of the general fund; and
31	(3) disbursements from the special fund may be made only on
32	orders of the municipal works board, or board of transportation,
33	and only for the purposes listed in subsection (b).
34	(b) Disbursements from the special fund or a special account of the
35	general fund may be made only to pay:
36	(1) the purchase price, rental fees, and cost of installation of the
37	parking meters;
38	(2) the cost of maintenance, operation, and repair of the parking
39	meters;
40	(3) incidental costs and expenses in the operation of the parking
41	meters, including the cost of clerks and bookkeeping;
42	(4) the cost of traffic signal devices used in the municipality;



1	(5) the cost of repairing and maintaining any of the public ways,
2	curbs, and sidewalks where the parking meters are in use, and all
3	public ways connected with them in the municipality;
4	(6) the cost of acquiring, by lease or purchase, suitable land for
5	off-street parking facilities to be operated or leased by the
6	municipality;
7	(7) the principal and interest on bonds issued to acquire parking
8	facilities and devices;
9	(8) the cost of improving and maintaining land for parking
10	purposes and purchasing, installing, and maintaining parking
11	meters on that land; and
12	(9) the cost of providing approved school crossing protective
13	facilities, including the costs of purchase, maintenance, operation,
14	and repair, and all other incidental costs.
15	SECTION 6. IC 36-9-12-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 5. (a) Money deposited
17	in the special fund under section 4 of this chapter may be expended
18	only upon a specific appropriation made for that purpose by the
19	municipal legislative body in the same manner that it appropriates
20	other public money.
21	(b) The municipal works board or board of transportation shall
22	prepare an itemized estimate of the money necessary for the operation
23	of parking meters for the ensuing year at the regular time of making
24	and filing budget estimates for other departments of the municipality.
25	These estimates shall be made and presented to the municipal
26	legislative body in the same manner as other department estimates.
27	(c) An appropriation under this section chapter is not subject to
28	review by the county tax adjustment board or the state board of tax
29	commissioners, and the general statutes regarding appropriation of
30	funds do not affect this chapter.
31	(d) The municipal fiscal body may transfer money to:
32	(1) the special account of the general fund; or
33	(2) the special fund;
34	if the fiscal body determines that the transfer is necessary to pay
35	expenditures authorized under this chapter and the transfer is
36	made at a regular public meeting and by proper ordinance or
37	resolution.



